Don't ignore work place bullying



origisce bullying has increasingly become a ground of grievance in employment

Employers need to ensure their workplaces are sele and have a positive culture that makes the presence of bullying

makes the presence of bullying milicely.

If bullying is observed or notified in a workplece, there is a clear legal duty on an employer to immediately espess and manage the behaviours that cause distress to any employee, and so to project employee, and so to project employee.

The semilorer has a duty to

tect employees.

The employer has a duty to stop the effending behaviour and re-establish a healthy working environment the from bullying.

What amounts to workplace bullying is generally seen by Worksafe as "repeated and unreasonable behaviour directed frauntiles are received." towards a worker or a group of workers that creates a risk to health and safety". Employees can take grievances

against employers, not only for unjustifiable dismissal but for "disadvantage" suffered as a consequence of "unjustifiable actions" as well as on grounds of "discrimination", "harmsonem", "discrimination", "harmsonem",

or "duress".

Billying sits within the ecope of many of the grounds for grizvance if there was unwelcome behaviour toward the employee that had a detrimental effect on their employment, job performance or job satisfaction.

Workplace bullying may arise from the actions of the employer directly, but can arise out of the

directly, but can arise out of the employment environment gener-ally, when the complainant has been subjected to such behaviour

been subjected to such behaviour from znother employee, or poten-tially even an outside, or poten-tially even an outside, or poten-cally recognises "citents" or "customers" as people able to affect employees detrimentally and from which employers need to protect their workers. Under the Human Rights Act, "or smallerise makes opmislating

Under the Human Rights Act, if an employee makes a complaint of inwelcome or effective behaviour against them, and that was established to have occurred, the employer has an obligation to take whatever steps are practicable to prevent any repetition of such behaviour.

The same applies under specific employment legislation.

The Health and Safety laws



place obligations upon employers in relation to bullying and pro-vide algorithment fines for employers who allow such con-duct in the workplace to continue. An employer must manage any hazards in the workplace and ensure they eliminate; isolate, or

minimise them, and monitor the health of employees to ensure that their work is not having a derir-merial effect or their health. Thus when issues of workplace bullying arise there is a strong positive obligation placed upon the employer that these matters

What amounts to workplace bullying uurensomable behaviour directed towards a worker or a group of workers that creates a risk to health and salety."

are dealt with and attended to promptly and projectly.

The remedies for an employee who has been found to have suffered workplane builtying are potentially very high, as are the potential three against employers who allow such harms to occur, or fall in their duties to prevent them.

them.
If simployers become aware of such a problem in the workelace, they deed to act wilfly and properly to deal with that.
A failure to act will also have an adverse in act on business through high attritton, low morale and poor reputation.

II Column courtesy of Retney Collins Literyers, phone 0800 733 484 or go to raintelycollins.co.rz. If you have a legal inguiry you would the discussed, email almovskiey@razneycollins.co.rs.